

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

On Page 6, replace paragraph [0017] with the following paragraph:

FIG. 2A, & FIG. 2B & FIG. 2C are schematic diagrams of illustrative Galilean telescopes according to the present invention;

On page 10, replace paragraph [0028] with the following paragraph:

In one embodiment (FIG. 2A), the ocular lens 106 is a negative or concave lens. In another embodiment (~~not shown~~ FIG. 2C), the ocular lens 106 is a positive or convex lens. The ocular lens 106 is mounted behind the carrier lens 102 slightly above the pupil 108 such that the user can simultaneously see the magnified and unmagnified views. In one embodiment, the position of the ocular lens 106 is near the nasal area of the carrier lens 102. However, skilled artisans will appreciate that the position of the ocular lens 106 is not limited to the region near the nasal area of the carrier lens 102. The objective lens 110 is mounted in front of the carrier lens 102. The objective lens 110 shown in FIG. 2A is a positive or convex lens. In another embodiment (~~not shown~~ FIG. 2C), the objective lens 110 is a negative or concave lens. The position of the objective lens 110 is determined at least in part by the ocular lens 106. The separation between the ocular lens

106 and the objective lens 110 is predetermined to create substantially an afocal telescope from the two lenses 106 and 110. In one embodiment, the objective lens 110 is positioned at substantially the same vertical or X-position as the ocular lens 106. In another embodiment, the objective lens 110 is separated from the ocular lens 106 in the horizontal or Y-position by a distance S as shown in FIG. 1A. Since the mirrors 202 and 204 fold the optical path inside the carrier lens 102 and not in the air, the computation of the focal lengths of the lenses 106 and 110 is modified accordingly. In yet another embodiment, the powers of the objective lens 110 and/or the ocular lens 106 can be configured to provide minification instead of magnification if desired (e.g., to expand the field-of-view of patients having tunnel vision due to glaucoma). In another embodiment (not shown), the objective lens 110 and/or the ocular lens 106 can be holographic elements adapted to provide the necessary minification.

Application No. 09/916,640

Filed: July 26, 2001

TC Art Unit: 2872

Confirmation No.: 8480

AMENDMENT TO THE DRAWINGS

Please replace sheet 5 with new sheet 5 attached herewith to
add new FIG. 2C.